

Appendix A

Some classical (para-)differential inequalities on \mathbb{T}^d and $\mathbb{T}^d \times \mathbb{R}^d$

We recall and state several classic inequalities of (para-)differential type. First, we have the following tame estimate for commutators (see [111, Lemma 3.4]).

Proposition A.1. *Let $s \geq 1$. There exists $C_s > 0$ such that, for any functions $g, E \in H^s \cap L^\infty$, we have*

$$\forall |\alpha| \leq s, \quad \|[\partial_x^\alpha, E]g\|_{L^2} \leq C_s (\|\nabla_x E\|_{L^\infty} \|g\|_{H^{s-1}} + \|E\|_{H^s} \|g\|_{L^\infty}).$$

The following result is about tame estimates in Sobolev spaces (see e.g. [10, Corollary 2.86]).

Proposition A.2. *Let $s > 0$. There exists $C_s > 0$ such that, for all $w_1, w_2 \in H^s \cap L^\infty$, we have*

$$\|w_1 w_2\|_{H_x^s} \leq C_s (\|w_1\|_{L^\infty} \|w_2\|_{H^s} + \|w_1\|_{H^s} \|w_2\|_{L^\infty}).$$

We also recall the following result of Bony about Sobolev continuity of the composition by a smooth function (see e.g. [10, Corollary 2.87] or [53, Proposition 1.4.8] for a more precise version).

Proposition A.3. *Let I be an open interval of \mathbb{R} containing 0. Let $s > 0$ and let σ be the smallest integer such that $\sigma > s$. There exists $C_s > 0$ such that, for any $F \in W^{\sigma+1, \infty}(I; \mathbb{R})$ with $F(0) = 0$ and for any $w \in H^s$ taking values in $J \Subset I$, we have*

$$\|F(w)\|_{H^s} \leq C_s (1 + \|w\|_{L^\infty})^\sigma \|F'\|_{W^{\sigma, \infty}(I)} \|w\|_{H^s}.$$

Remark A.4. Note that if $0 \notin I$ and $w \in H^s$ takes values in $J \Subset I$, we can extend F outside I by a smooth extension such that $F(0) = 0$, and the previous proposition remains valid. Indeed, by Faà di Bruno's formula, we observe that $\|F(w)\|_{H^s}$ only involves F through its derivatives evaluated at w .

Lemma A.5. *For all $k \in \mathbb{N}$ and $g : \mathbb{T}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$ such that $0 < c \leq g \leq C < 1$, we have*

$$\left\| \frac{1}{1-g} \right\|_{H^k} \leq 1 + C_k (\|g\|_{L^\infty}) \|g\|_{H^k}$$

for some nondecreasing continuous function $C_k : \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$.

Proof. We rely on Proposition A.3 by writing

$$\left\| \frac{1}{1-g} \right\|_{H^k} = \|F(g) - F(0)\|_{H^k} + 1,$$

and this directly concludes the proof. ■

Let us finally state several product and commutator laws using weighted Sobolev norms.

Lemma A.6. *Let $s \geq 0$. Consider a smooth nonnegative function $\chi = \chi(v)$ such that $|\partial^\gamma \chi| \lesssim_\gamma \chi$ for all $\gamma \in \mathbb{N}^d$ such that $|\gamma| \leq s$.*

- *For any functions $f = f(x, v)$, $g = g(x, v)$ and any $k \geq s/2$, we have*

$$\|\chi f g\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^k} \lesssim \|f\|_{\mathbb{W}_{x,v}^{k,\infty}} \|\chi g\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s} + \|g\|_{\mathbb{W}_{x,v}^{k,\infty}} \|\chi f\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s}. \quad (\text{A.1})$$

- *For any functions $a = a(x)$, $F = F(x, v)$ and any $s_0 > d$, we have*

$$\|\chi a F\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^{s_0}} \lesssim \|a\|_{\mathbb{H}_x^{s_0}} \|\chi F\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^{s_0}} + \|a\|_{\mathbb{H}_x^s} \|\chi F\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s}. \quad (\text{A.2})$$

- *For any vector field $E = E(x)$ and any function $f = f(x, v)$, the following holds for all $s_0 > 1 + d$ and all $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{N}^d$ satisfying $|\alpha| + |\beta| = s \geq 1$:*

$$\|\chi[\partial_x^\alpha \partial_v^\beta, E(x) \cdot \nabla_v] f\|_{\mathbb{L}_{x,v}^2} \lesssim \|E\|_{\mathbb{H}_x^{s_0}} \|\chi f\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s} + \|E\|_{\mathbb{H}_x^s} \|\chi f\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s}. \quad (\text{A.3})$$

- *For any functions $a = a(x)$, $f = f(x, v)$ such that f has a compact support in velocity, the following holds for all $s_0 > 1 + d$ and all $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{N}^d$ satisfying $|\alpha| + |\beta| = s \geq 1$:*

$$\|\chi[\partial_x^\alpha \partial_v^\beta, a(x)v \cdot \nabla_v] f\|_{\mathbb{L}_{x,v}^2} \lesssim (1 + M_f) \|a\|_{\mathbb{H}_x^{s_0}} \|\chi f\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s} + \|a\|_{\mathbb{H}_x^s} \|\chi f\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s}, \quad (\text{A.4})$$

where

$$\text{supp } f \subset \mathbb{T}^d \times \mathbb{B}(0, M_f), \quad M_f \in (0, +\infty).$$

Proof. We refer to [90, Lemma 3.1] for the proof of (A.1), (A.2) and (A.3). Let us briefly sketch the proof of (A.4). By expanding the commutator, we have to estimate terms of the form

$$I_{\gamma,\mu} = \|\chi \partial_x^\gamma a \partial_v^\mu(v_i) \partial_{v_i} \partial_x^{\alpha-\gamma} \partial_v^{\beta-\mu} f\|_{\mathbb{L}_{x,v}^2}$$

for some $1 \leq i \leq d$ and with $(\gamma, \mu) \neq (0, 0)$, $\gamma \leq \alpha$, $\mu \leq \beta$ and $|\mu| < 2$. If $\gamma \neq 0$ and $\mu \neq 0$, then $I_{\gamma,\mu} = 0$ or $\partial_v^\mu(v_i) = 1$ and we can conclude as for (A.3). If $\gamma = 0$ and $\mu > 0$, then $\partial_v^\mu(v_i) = 0$ or 1 and we conclude by Sobolev embedding in x , since $I_{\gamma,\mu} \leq \|a\|_{\mathbb{L}_x^\infty} \|\chi f\|_{\mathbb{H}_{x,v}^s}$. Lastly, if $\gamma > 0$ and $\mu = 0$, we rely on the compact support in velocity for f to get

$$I_{\gamma,\mu} \leq M_f \|\chi \partial_x^\gamma a \partial_{v_i} \partial_x^{\alpha-\gamma} \partial_v^\beta f\|_{\mathbb{L}_{x,v}^2},$$

and we end the proof as for (A.3). ■